

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## **CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES**

0654/21 October/November 2016

Paper 2 Core Theory MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

Published

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	nitrogen ; oxygen ;	2
1(a)(ii)	little change / no overall change ; (but) some fluctuations ; increases from 1800 ; by 65 ppm ;	max 3
1(b)(i)	respiration/decomposition/excretion;	1
1(b)(ii)	photosynthesis ;	1
1(c)(i)	increase, because less photosynthesis ;	1
1(c)(ii)	increase, because CO <sub>2</sub> released by combustion ;	1
1(d)	flooding ; melting ice-caps ; extinction / migration of species ; hurricanes / unpredictable weather patterns ; increased agricultural pests ;	max 2
	Total:	11

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	C and hydrogen ;	1
2(a)(ii)	B and carbon dioxide ;	1
2(a)(iii)	D and silver chloride ;	1
2(b)(i)	substance/material that speeds up/alters rate of a chemical change/reaction ; is itself not permanently changed ;	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)(ii)	28 ; 23 ;	2
2(b)(iii)	transition (series/metals);	1
2(c)(i)	SO <sub>3</sub> ;	1
2(c)(ii)	( <b>Y</b> ) oxygen has been added to the molecules ;	1
	Total:	10

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	water has expanded <u>because it is hotter</u> ;	1
3(a)(ii)	some of the water has boiled away/evaporated ;	1
3(a)(iii)	temperature at which all the liquid can turn into a gas ;	1
3(a)(iv)	(water is) <b>B</b> most particles are touching and random arrangement ; (water vapour is) <b>C</b> particles are spread out (and random arrangement) ;	2
3(b)	Convection ;	1
3(c)	R = V/I or = 250/8 ; = 31.25 ; Ω ;	3
3(d)	fuses cut electricity to a device if there is a power surge/too much current flows/a fault ; (too much current) causes fuse to melt ;	2
	Total:	11

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)(i)	production of genetically identical offspring ; from one parent ;	2
4(a)(ii)	Aa ;	1
4(b)(i)	root hair (cells) ; xylem ; transpiration ;	3
4(b)(ii)	retains water in the air around the leaves/increases humidity;	1
4(b)(iii)	photosynthesis ; transport ; support ; AVP ;	max 2
4(c)(i)	for protein synthesis ;	1
4(c)(ii)	for chlorophyll synthesis ;	1
	Total:	11

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	S is magnesium oxide ; G is hydrogen ;	2
5(a)(ii)	no change/reaction ; copper too unreactive/less reactive than hydrogen ;	2
5(b)(i)	the temperature (initially) increases ;	1
5(b)(ii)	3 minutes ; no heat given out after this time / temperature no longer increases ;	2
5(b)(iii)	increase concentration of copper sulfate solution ; increase (starting) temperature of copper sulfate solution ; use powdered magnesium/increase surface area of magnesium ;	max 1
	Total:	8

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)(i)	acceleration line gradient correct ; constant speed line correct at 45m/s for 150s anywhere ;	2
6(a)(ii)	distance = speed $\times$ time ; = 45 $\times$ 150 = 6750 (m) ;	2
6(b)	mass = density × volume or 8 × 512 000 ; = 4 096 000 (g) ;	2
6(c)	D is greater than F ; D is equal (and opposite) to F ;	2

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
6(d)(i)	fuel is burned ; chemical energy to thermal energy ; water is turned into steam ; thermal to kinetic energy ; steam drives turbine/generator ; kinetic to electrical ;	max 4
6(d)(ii)	example of non-renewable and example of renewable ;	1
	Total:	13

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	environment ; shiver ; arterioles ; vasoconstriction ; capillaries ;	5
7(b)(i)	16.30 ;	1
7(b)(ii)	exercise / activity ; sweating / vasodilation ;	2
7(b)(iii)	is a good insulator ; reduces heat loss to the environment ;	2
	Total:	10

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)(i)	sodium + chlorine $\rightarrow$ sodium chloride ;; LHS and RHS	2
8(a)(ii)	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1
8(a)(iii)	atom gains (an) electron/completes its outer shell ;	1
8(b)(i)	make copper chloride into a(n aqueous) solution ; add solution to the beaker so electrodes are immersed ; close the switch ;	3
8(b)(ii)	changes from black to brown/pink/copper coloured ; copper is deposited (on the cathode) ;	2
8(c)(i)	alloy ;	1
8(c)(ii)	malleable refers to ability to be shaped (without breaking)/ does not break/change shape when subjected to a force/other correct ;	1
8(c)(iii)	less likely to be dented when rung/owtte ;	1
	Total:	12

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Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)(i)	(nucleus) splits ;	1
9(a)(ii)	αβγ;	1
9(a)(iii)	alpha (is ionising but) has low penetration ;	1
9(b)(i)	resistance reduced ;	1
9(b)(ii)	length/material/temperature;	1
	Total:	5

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)(i)	X = ovary ; Y = cervix ; Z = vagina ;	3
10(a)(ii)	release of female gametes ;	1
10(b)(i)	oviduct ;	1
10(b)(ii)	divides ; forms a ball of cells ; <u>implants</u> ; in <u>lining/wall</u> of uterus ;	max 3
	Total:	8

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Marks
11(a)(i)	cobalt chloride paper goes pink ; showing water (vapour in the combustion products) ; limewater turns milky ; showing carbon dioxide (in the combustion products) ;	4
11(a)(ii)	decreases ;	1
11(b)(i)	hydrocarbon contains hydrogen and carbon only ; saturated it contains only single bonds / it fits the general formula C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n + 2</sub> ;	2
11(b)(ii)	I is ethanol ; K is ethene ;	2
11(b)(iii)	H <sub>2</sub> O ;	1
	Total:	10

Question	Answer	Marks
12(a)	gamma – box to left of X rays and visible light – box to left of infra-red ;	1
12(b)	amplitude = 3rd answer, frequency = 4th answer, speed = 1st answer, wavelength = 2nd answer 4 correct = 2 marks , 3, 2 or 1 correct = 1 mark ;; term definition amplitude frequency frequency frequency the distance from the centre of a wave to the log or to the bottom of the wave member of waves passing a fixed point in ce execution	2
12(c)(i)	angle of reflection correctly indicated ;	1
12(c)(ii)	36° angle of incidence = angle of reflection ;	1
12(d)	mirror image of comet drawn laterally inverted and same size ;	1
12(e)(i)	principal focus identified ;	1
12(e)(ii)	focal length identified ;	1
12(e)(iii)	refraction ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
12(f)(i)	sound requires a medium/sound cannot travel through vacuum ;	1
12(f)(ii)	light waves are electromagnetic/sound waves are not ; light waves are transverse/sound waves are longitudinal ;	max 1
	Total:	11